# Application of Advanced CAE Methods for Quality and Durability of Fuel Cell Components

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This presentation does not contain any proprietary or confidential information

## Overview

### **Timeline**

- March 2003
- September 2007
- 50%

### **Budget**

### DOE Funding:

• FY04 : \$210K

• FY05: \$210K

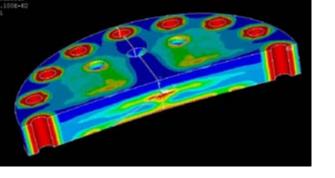
### **Barriers**

- This work has direct impact on overcoming technical barriers such as durability and cost and achieving the DOE's technical targets of energy efficiency and specific power. This project specifically addresses items:
  - "O" (component barriers stack material and manufacturing cost) and
  - "P" (durability)

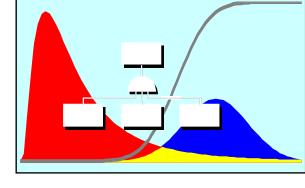
in DOE's Multi-year Research, Development and Demonstration Plan (June 2003, p.3-76).

### **Industry Partner**

Plug Power

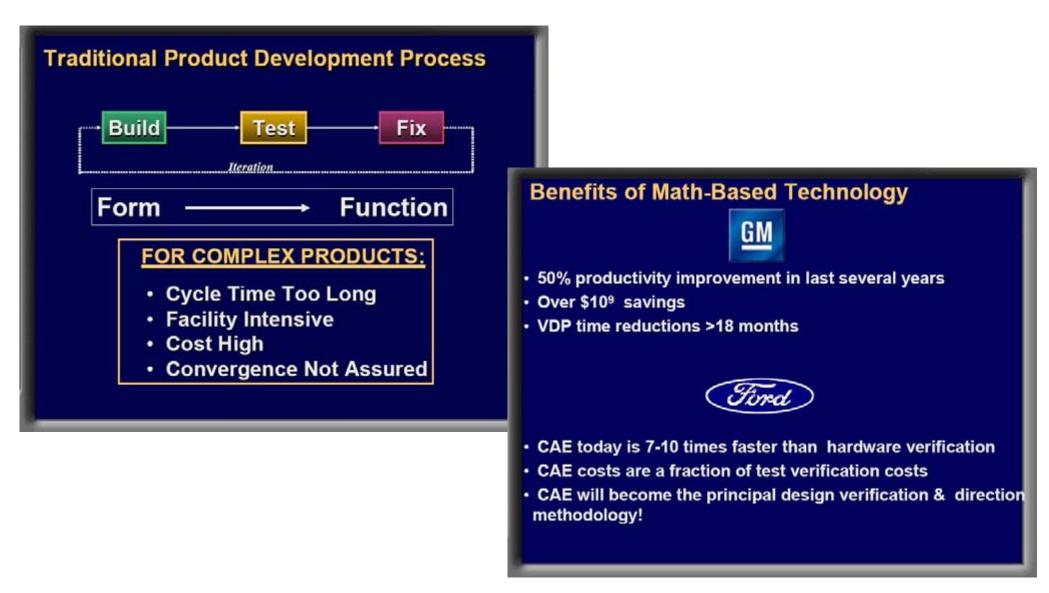


## Objectives



- Accelerate the implementation of fuel cell technologies by integrating the latest computer-aided engineering (CAE) methods with advanced design techniques to overcome key technical barriers and improve reliability, performance, and cost.
  - Work with fuel cell industry partners to apply CAE tools on problems that address key technical barriers.
  - Improve component reliability by applying Robust Design techniques for optimal solutions that account for variations in material properties, loads, and manufacturing processes.
  - Lower costs and development time by reducing the number of prototype components that are built and tested.

utilizing lessons learned from other industries (aerospace, automotive, electronics, etc.)

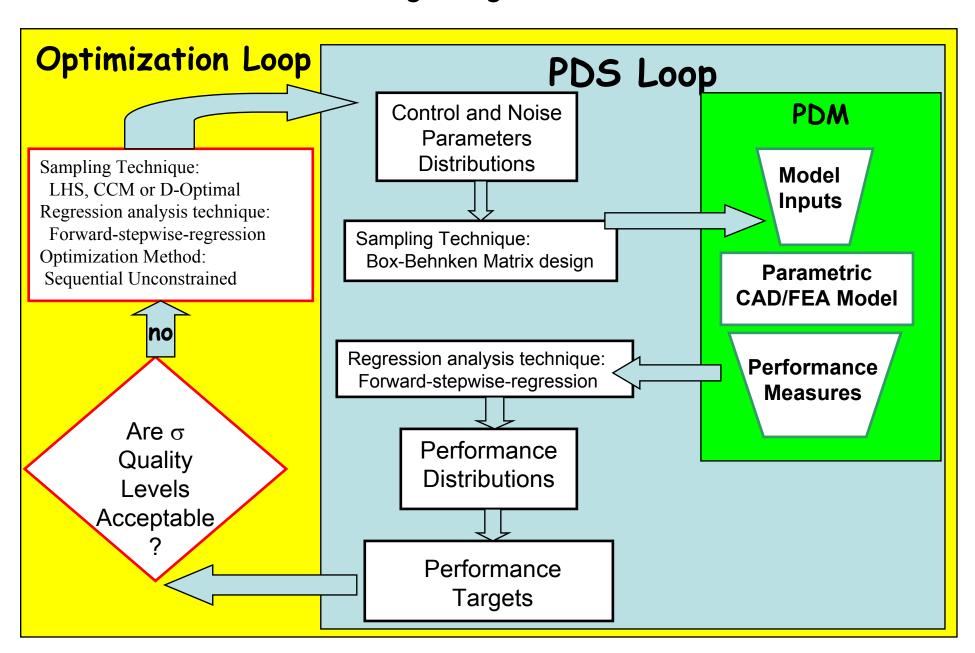


Source: "GM's Journey to Math: The Virtual Vehicle" -Steve M. Rohde, Technical Director, General Motors

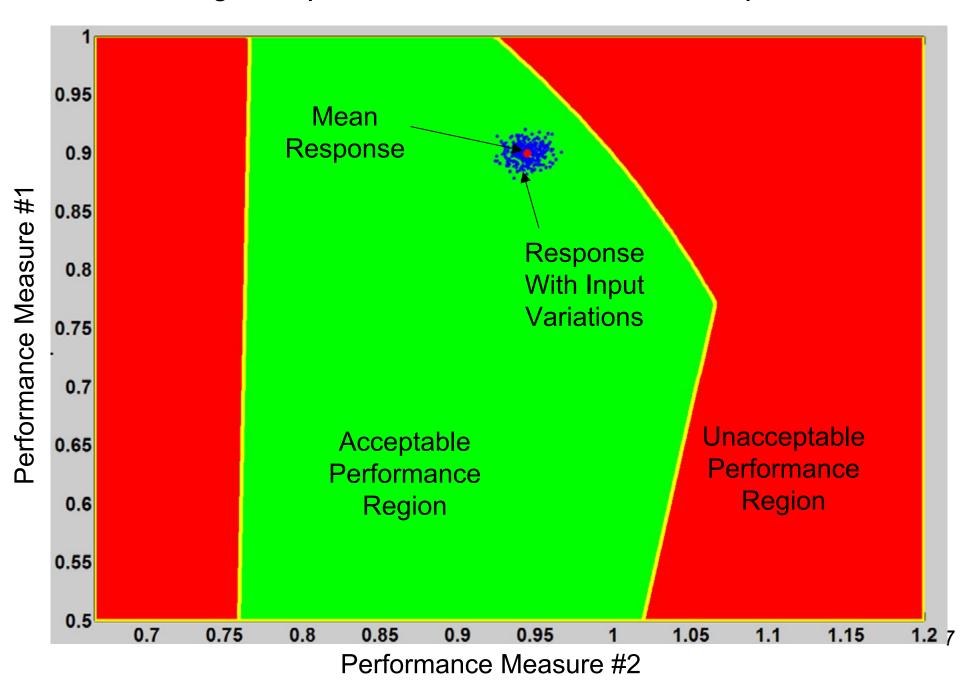
application of NREL capabilities developed under FreedomCAR

- CAE and Robust Design Tools Being Utilized
  - Topology Optimization for conceptual design
  - Parametric Behavioral Modeling CAD (not dimension but attribute driven design)
  - Finite Element Modeling (implicit, explicit, VPG)
  - Multi-physics applications (structural/thermal, fluid/thermal, electromagnetics, etc)
  - Optimization integrated with CAD & FEA
  - Design for 6-sigma using CAE (DFSS)
  - Probabilistic Design Methods (engineering quality into designs)
  - Design of Experiments Techniques
  - Engineering Resources and Computational Power Available at National Labs

Re-usable Workflow for Integrating Probabilistic Methods with CAE



Robust Design – Optimization that Accounts for Input Variations



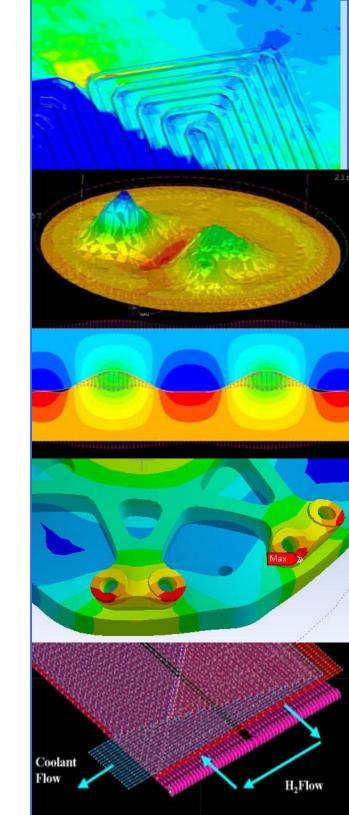
### current project applications

## Application of Advanced CAE Methods for Quality and Durability of Fuel Cell Components:

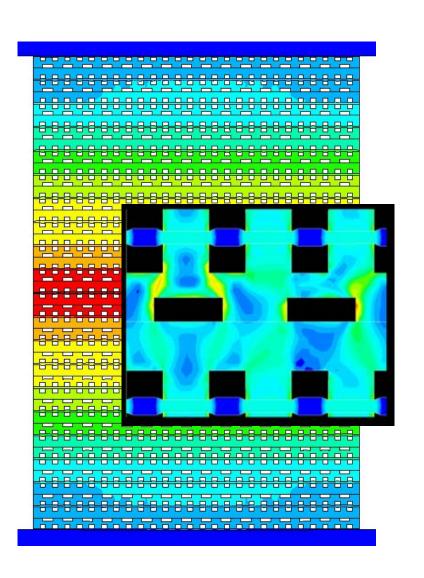
- 1. Robust Mechanical Designs evaluation of performance impacts due to variations manufacturing, material properties, and loads to achieve optimized component performance.
- **2. Component Optimization** optimization of end-plate designs, bipolar plate configurations, gasket seals, etc for improved performance.
- **3. Flow Optimization** sensitivity analysis and optimization of component designs for uniform constituent flows.
- **4. Robust Thermal Designs** robust thermal designs through thermal modeling and probabilistic analysis methods.

### Summary of Accomplishments

- 1. Robust Fuel Cell Stack Demonstrated the probabilistic design methodology on a fuel cell stack and applied lessons learned to a number of stack designs
- 2. Manufacturing Process Improvement Helped improve plate manufacturing processes by modeling Cathode Cooler Plate Ejection Process.
- **3. ATR** Improved ATR component designs by modeling the effect of thermal fatigue and various component placements/geometries on constituent flow distributions.
- **4. Robust Seals** Determined alternative gasket and groove configurations of the cooler and cell interfaces to provide robust sealing.
- **5. H**<sub>2</sub> **Generation Component Optimization** Analysis used to guide design changes of bi-polar plates and end-plates for improved strength.
- 6. High Temperature Stack Innovative new 3D stack thermal/flow model used to conduct design parameter investigations and improve thermal performance.



### Robust Fuel Cell Stack



### **Objective:**

 Determine the effect of manufacturing, loading, and material variations of a fuel cell stack on the MEA's pressure distribution.

- Conducted probabilistic variation analysis on effects of material and manufacturing variations on MEA pressure distributions (RIT Paper)
- 2. Structural bipolar plate analysis evaluates strength impact of gasket location

### Robust Fuel Cell Stack

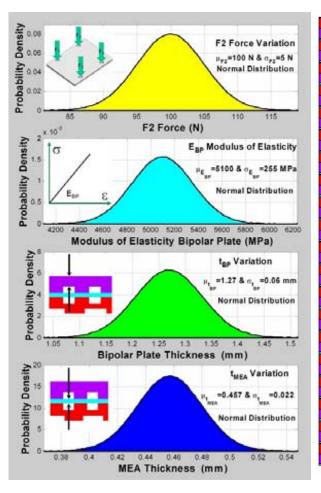
RIT Paper: "Effect of Material and Manufacturing Variations on MEA Pressure Distribution"

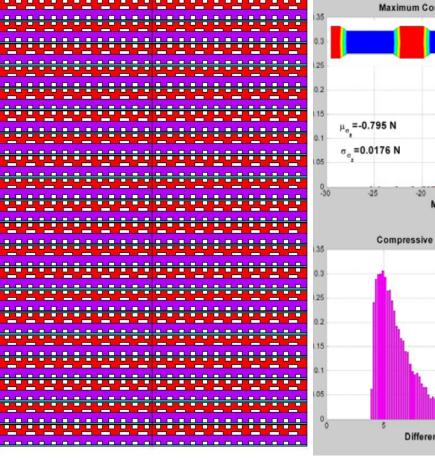
Statistical Distribution of Material and Manufacturing Variations

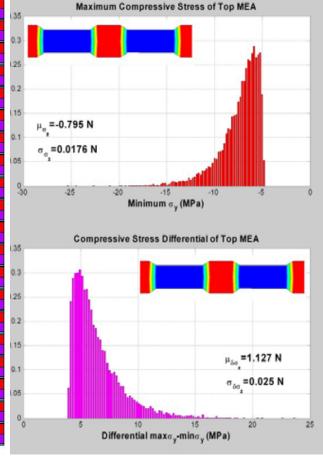


Parametric FEA Model of Fuel Cell Stack

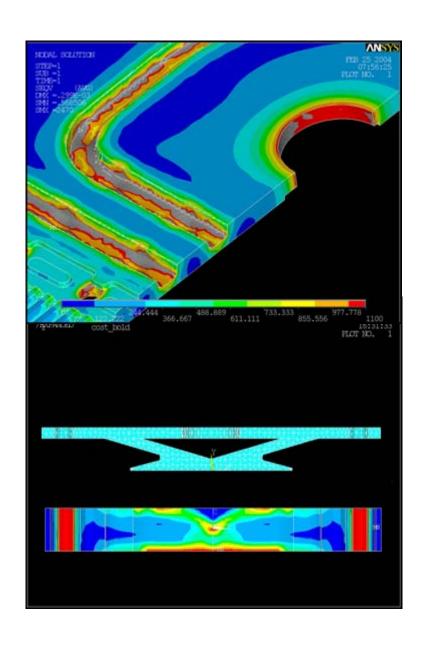








Hydrogen Generation Component Optimization

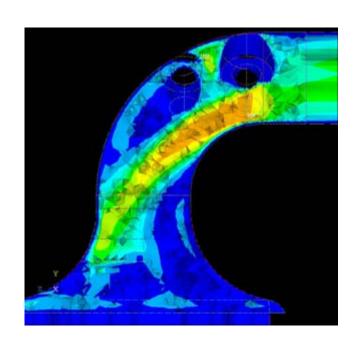


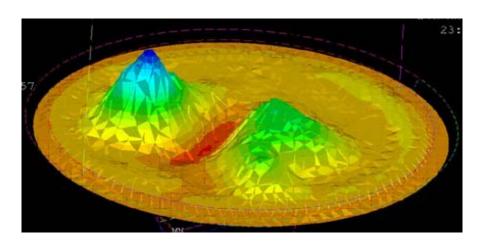
### **Objective:**

 Optimization of end-plate and bi-polar plate designs for reduced end-plate mass and improved MEA and bi-polar plate loading characteristics

- End-plate analysis leads to improved bolt pattern and plate geometry to avoid plate cracking during assembly.
- 2. Topology optimization leads to new innovative design concepts
- 3. Rapid Stress Analysis reduced the number of component prototypes built and tested.

### Auto-thermal Reformer

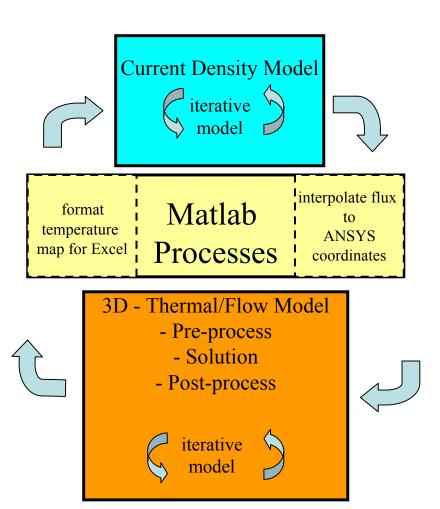


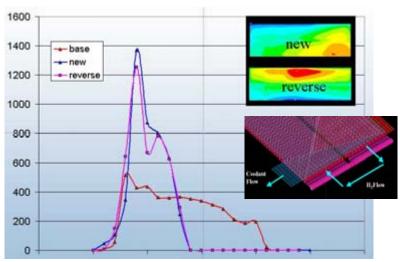


### **Objectives**

- Evaluate the structural integrity and fatigue life of the ATR Subsystem subjected to thermal loading
- Evaluate Catalyst Effectiveness -Flow analysis (CFD)

- Performed thermal fatigue analysis on several components and suggested design improvements to improve ATR structural integrity.
- Improved ATR efficiency by evaluating the effect of various glow plug positions and radiation Heat Shield on the Thermal Behavior and evaluating alternative design configurations.





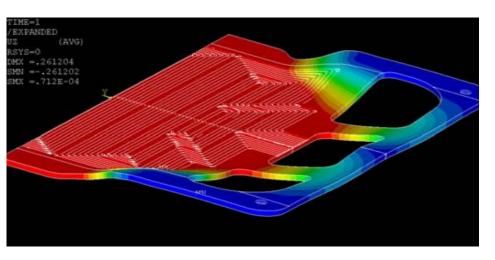
High Temperature Stack

### **Objective**

 Improve the thermal performance of the bi-polar plate with multi-physics modeling (electro-chemical, thermal, fluid flow)

- Developed a modeling process that integrates 3-D thermal, flow, and current density simulations.
- Conducted Taguchi screening of design parameters (flow rates, material properties, channel geometries, etc.) on temperature distributions and pressure drops.
- Modeled alternative coolant flow paths for improved thermal performance.

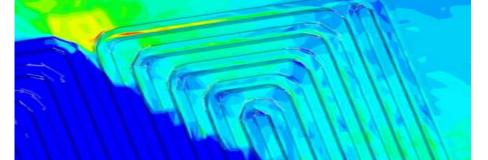
### Manufacturing Process Improvements



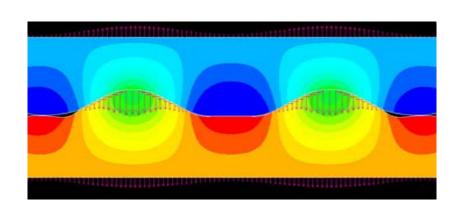
### **Objective:**

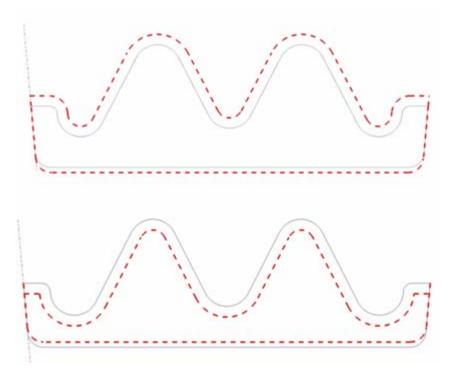
- Utilize FEA to investigate bi-polar plate crack initiation during manufacturing process
- Develop Recommendations for crack avoidance

- Developed Finite element model that accurately predicted crack formation/location.
- Contributed to the development and selection of several process alternatives.
- Conducted modeling of process alternatives



### Robust Gasket Sealing





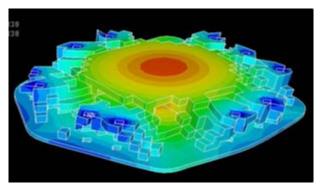
### **Objective:**

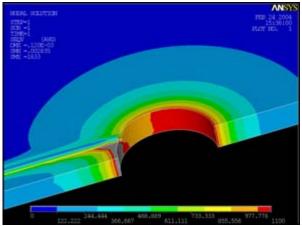
 Determine alternative gasket and groove configurations of the cooler and cell interfaces to provide robust sealing

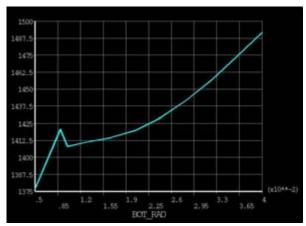
- Developed non-linear, parametric gasket seal analysis model that accounts for variation in gasket and seal geometry, material properties, and loading.
- Performed analysis using parametric sweeps to identify the shape and size of the to provide the required sealing force.
- Transferred the gasket analysis process to Plug Power.

## Technology Transfer

### CAE Methods for Fuel Cells







### **Objective:**

 Transfer lessons learned and process methodologies to industry partner.

- NREL conducted a two-day workshop on Advanced CAE Methods for Plug Power Engineers
- Techniques covered:
  - parametric modeling, parametric sweeps, design of experiments, optimization, topology optimization, and behavioral modeling.
- Fuel Cell applications included:
  - cathode plate modeling and stress analysis, gasket groove stress analysis, end-plate topology optimization, and end-plate behavioral modeling.

## **Future Work**

### Remainder of FY2005

- Complete analysis of heat exchanger design alternatives and the effects of material, geometry, and load variations for high temperature stack application.
- Integrate manufacturing process capability to evaluate robustness of gasket seal designs.

### Plans for FY2006

- Project diversification with new partners and Advanced CAE applications:
  - Fuel Cell & Storage Design for Manufacturability and Quality accounting for material, load, and manufacturing process variations
  - Carbon storage design space investigations, thermal analysis using probabilistic methods
  - Hydrogen storage safety reduce prototypes through CAE modeling with multiple load cases with design variations
- Continued robust design optimization of high temperature stack thermal design, gasket seal and stack components.

## Publications and Presentations



**ASME International** 

First International Conference on Fuel Cell Science, Engineering and Technology April 21-23, 2003, Rochester, New York, USA

EFFECT OF MATERIAL AND MANUFACTURING VARIATIONS ON MEAS PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION

Andreas Vlahinos1, Kenneth Kelly2, Jim D'Aleo3, Jim Stathopoulos4,

<sup>1</sup>Advanced Engineering Solutions, LLC, Castle Rock, CO 8016 National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Golden, CO 80401, U <sup>3</sup>Plug Power, Inc., Latham, NY 12110, USA, james dale \*Plug Power, Inc., Latham, NY 12110, USA jim. stathopos

"Neatness Doesn't Count," Feature Article, In



FLATURES DEPARTMENTS MARKETPLACE NEWSUPDATE

#### neatness doesn't count

The design for a fuel cell confronts the fickleness-

This article was

prepared by staff It started like a lot of projects, with a few coincidences. writers in A fuel cell developer in Latham, N.Y., needed to know collaboration with that its latest product could tolerate the randomness of commercial manufacturing. A couple of its engineers went to a technical conference where they heard an engineering consultant from Castle Rock, Colo., talk about probabilistic design. Meanwhile, the National Renewable Energy Laboratory in Golden, Colo., was turning its attention to probabilis developing energy devices.

> It came together as an experimer Department of Energy to use vir Sigma methods to understand the design on the electrical performa

> Plug Power Inc., working on a p called GenSys, wanted a robust of perform as needed despite inevit materials and assembly. Compar consultant they had heard, Andri operates Advanced Engineering explore the latest design.

Case Study

### Dealing With Variability in Design

Probabilistic Design Methods build understanding of mality's randomness and scalar in modelling Dr Andreas Vlahinos Advinced Engineering Solutions

units to the development of probabilistic design nethods, the definition of a robert design is changing. Until recently, a design was comidered robust if all the variables that affected its life had been accounted for and "brought under control." meaning of robustness is shifting however to a measurement of the product design's intensitivity to

in more concrete, businessike terms, a robust design is one that meets customer expectations at an affordable cost regardless of customer usage; degradation over the life of the product, and variations in its manufacturing, suppliers, distribution, delivery and installation. All of these can exhibit a high degree of conformers, and scotter

The key difference is how randomness and scatter are handled in the analyses. Designers and engineers have traditionally handled them with safety factors. Some salety factors are derived from observation and analysis imprical) but many are pure guestwork. In those cases, the bigger the guess, the bigger the risk, the bigger the safety factor - and the more the product is overdesigned.

This portends a revolution in the strategies by which new products are designed. According to Dr. Andreas Visitinos, described by his peers as a "passionate knowledge worker" and principal of Advanced Engineering Solutions LLC (AES), Castle Rock, Colorado, there are two major drivers for new design

. Safety factors cannot of themselves quarantee satisfactory performance and they do not provide sufficient information to achieve optimal use of available Six-Sigma quality levels early in the design process, we



capabilities of design optimisation offware such as capabilities in the Probabilistic Design System (PDS) from ANSYS Inc. PDS has been available for a number of years; more than 100 companies worldwide are using it

NREL National Renewable Energy Laboratory

Innovation for Our Energy Future

Application of Advanced CAE Methods for Quality and Durability of **Fuel Cell Components** 

Ken Kelly, Andreas Vlahinos, Vahab Hassani, Keith Wipke

In collaboration with Plug Power, Jim Stathopoulos

National Center for Manufacturing Sciences

Sentember 27th 2004

September 2004 • NREL Milestone Report

This Report Contains Plug Power Confidential Information Die Nat Distribute

Application of Advanced CAE Tools for Quality and Durability of Fuel Cell Components

Milestone Progress Report

Kenneth J. Kelly National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Golden, CO.

Andreas Vianinos Advanced Engineering Solutions, Castle Rock, CO.

Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Hydrogen, Fuel Cells, and Infrastructure Technologies Program

In fidilitiment of the September 2004 Milestone Deliverside of the Fuel Cell Subtesh entitled "Application of Advanced CAE Methods for Quality & Dunbidry of Fuel Cell



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National Renewable Energy Laboratory

1917 Cole Boolevard Golden, Colorado 80401-3393 NREL is a U.S. Department of Energy Laboratory Operated by Michwest Research Institute + Battelle Contract No. DE-AC36-99-GO10337



## **Publications**

- Kelly, K., Vlahinos, A., Rodriguuez, P., Innovative Thermal Management of Fuel Cell Power Electronics,1st International Conference on Fuel Cell Science, Engineering and Technology, Rochester Institute of Technology, Rochester, NY, April 22, 2003
- Kelly, K., Vlahinos, A.,, Stathopoulus, J., Effect of Material and Manufacturing Variations on MEA Pressure Distribution, 1st International Conference on Fuel Cell Science, Engineering and Technology, Rochester Institute of Technology, Rochester, NY, April 22, 2003
- Vlahinos, Andreas, Dealing with Variability in Design, Probabilistic Methods Build an Understanding of Randomness and Scatter in Modeling, Benchmark Magazine, October, 2003.
- Vlahinos, Andreas, Neatness Doesn't Count, The Design for a Fuel Cell Encounters the Fickleness of the Real World, Mechanical Engineering Magazine, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, January, 2004.
- Kelly, K., Vlahinos, A., Application of Advanced CAE Methods for Quality and Durability of Fuel Cell Components, NREL 2004 Milestone Report, September 2004.
- Kelly, K., Vlahinos, A., Advanced CAE Tools Applied to Stationary Fuel Cells, NREL 2003 Milestone Report, September 2003.

## Presentations

- Kelly, K., Vlahinos, A., Engineering Quality and Durability into Components using Robust Design, Presented to DOE, March 12, 2003.
- Kelly, K., Vlahinos, A., Application of Advanced CAE Methods for Quality and Durability of Fuel Cell Components: Presented with updated materials to:
  - NREL Hydrogen Fuel Cell Review Panel, December 10, 2003
  - Plug Power, September 14, 2003
  - DOE and Plug Power, June 24, 2004
  - National Center for Manufacturing Sciences, September 27, 2004
  - University of Minnesota, Initiative for Renewable Energy Environment, October 7, 2004
  - University of Hawaii, January 15, 2005
  - Battelle, February 7, 2005.
- Kelly, K., Vlahinos A., Two-day Workshop on CAE Methods for Fuel Cells, Presented to Plug Power on February 16, 2004.
- Regular project updates presented to DOE, NREL, and Plug Power teams.

## Hydrogen Safety

- To date, NREL's direct involvement on this project has been in developing computer models, simulation processes, conducting analyses, and recommending design improvements.
- All model verification tests and implementation of improved designs have been performed by our industry partner using industry accepted hydrogen safety practices.